

ATTENTION: EMERGENCY MEDICAL RESPONDERS

Scleroderma Basics

- The symptoms of scleroderma may be visible when the skin is affected. Symptoms can also be invisible when internal organs are affected.
- Scleroderma can vary for each patient. Some people may not present with all of the symptoms that are associated with the disease.
- In general, scleroderma is a disease of the small blood vessels that causes skin thickening and tightening due to a buildup of collagen, or scar tissue. This collagen overproduction also can affect internal organs causing other complications and various symptoms.
- Scleroderma is not contagious. It is also not infectious, cancerous or malignant.

What are some challenges that emergency responders may face?

PROBLEM: The pulse oximeter does not appear to be working correctly.

WHAT COULD BE HAPPENING?

No. 1: The decrease in blood flow to the fingers of a patient with Raynaud Phenomenon may interfere with the pulse oximeter's ability to read correctly when applied to the fingers. A special oximeter that is applied to the forehead can be used for an accurate reading if available.

Further Explanation

It is estimated that more than 90 percent of scleroderma patients have Raynaud Phenomenon, an exaggerated response to cold or stress. The blood vessels in the fingers and toes constrict, or spasm. This leads to decreased blood flow, causing a change in color to blue or white (cyanosis) to the fingers and toes. When blood vessels become so constricted that blood flow stops for an extended period of time, ulcers may form in the fingers or toes.

WHAT ELSE COULD BE HAPPENING?

No. 2: When using supplemental oxygen on a patient with lung scarring (pulmonary fibrosis) or lung high blood pressure (pulmonary hypertension), you may not see a significant rise in the patient's O2 saturation.

Further Explanation

Pulmonary fibrosis, or pulmonary hypertension, will not allow for proper oxygen transfer from the lungs to the blood. Therefore, a pulse oximetry reading may be affected due to lung involvement.

PROBLEM: I am unable to get an IV into my scleroderma patient.

WHAT COULD BE HAPPENING?

Along with hardening and tightening skin on arms and hands, the vascular system can be affected. When trying to place an IV in a scleroderma patient, consider a smaller gauge needle. You can also wrap the site with a warm towel to try and bring the veins closer to the skin surface. Ultrasound guidance can be used to help find blood vessels if available.

Quick Reminders

- It is not uncommon for a scleroderma patient to take Ace-Inhibitors for renal (kidney) involvement. This can lead to a higher-than-normal blood pressure.
- Some scleroderma patients have pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH), an increased pressure in the pulmonary arteries. Some PAH patients have an intravenous (IV) pump to deliver medications. If you need to transfer the patient, DO NOT REMOVE THE PUMP, THE MEDICATIONS NEED TO RUN CONTINUOUSLY.
- Some scleroderma patients are treated with immunosuppressants. Be sure to alert emergency room staff right away because this can influence treatment plans.

Note: Please fill out in pencil so changes can be made as needed Date when this form was last changed or updated: Name:______ Phone No.:_____ Address: _____ Birth date: Social Security No.: **INSURANCE INFORMATION** Medical Insurance Company 1: Policy/ID No.: Group: Medical Insurance Company 2: Policy/ID No.: Group: Medicare No.: _____ Medicaid No.:_____ **EMERGENCY CONTACTS** Name: Relationship: Phone No.: _____ Cell Phone No.: _____ Address: City/State/ZIP: Does the above emergency contact have power of attorney? Yes No Name: ______ Relationship: _____ Phone No.: _____ Cell Phone No.: _____ City/State/ZIP: Does the above emergency contact have power of attorney? \square Yes \square No Doctor: Phone No.: Doctor: ______ Phone No.: _____ Hospital Preference: Do you have a signed do-not-resuscitate or do-not-intubate document? \(\subseteq \text{Yes} \subseteq \text{No} \) Location of document:

CURRENT MEDICATIONS Pharmacy Name: ______ Phone No.: _____ Pharmacy Name: ______ Phone No.: _____ List all medications, including those that are over-the-counter, vitamins or herbal supplements. **REASON FOR TAKING** MEDICATION **DOSAGE** FREQUENCY (Diagnosis)

Please list any other diagnoses that you don't take medication for

Allergies to medications

MEDICATION	REACTION

SURGICAL HISTORY

DATE OF SURGERY	TYPE OF SURGERY

The Scleroderma Foundation's mission is three-fold:

- To help patients and their families cope with scleroderma through mutual support programs, peer counseling, physician referrals, and educational information.
- To promote public awareness and education through patient and health professional seminars, literature, and publicity campaigns.
- To stimulate and support research to improve treatment and ultimately find the cause and cure of scleroderma and related diseases.



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